



NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1892. -COPYRIGHT, 1892, BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

GEN. STEVENSON IN SEDALIA.

"IF YOU SEE IT IN

RE SHOWS THE VITAL IMPORTANCE OF THE COMING ELECTION.

What the Force Bill and Republican Rule Signify to the South-A Review of the Crimes Committed by Carpet-baggers. SEDALIA, Mo., Aug. 30.-A great Democratic rally occurred here to-day. More than twentyfive cities and towns were represented in the procession, and there were 2,500 men in line. Mayor E. W. Stevens was Grand Marshal. Gen. Stevenson was one of the first to make his appearance on the speakers' platform at Association Park. He was at once recognized. and was greeted with a prolonged shout. Among those who accompanied him on the were Gov. Francis, Congressman Pard, State Treasurer I. V. Stephens, and the Hon. W. J. Stone. The grand stand with a seating capacity of 10,000, was crowded in every part. Gov. Francis officiated as Chair-

great audience. Here are some of the things Gen. Stevenson said: The contest upon which we have now entered is especially important to the people of the Southern States. With them it is not mercly a question as to who shall hold the Mee of President of the United States, but to the people of the South it is a question as to whether your State Governments will remain in your own hands or be under the control of the Federal power. Either Mr. Cleveland or Cleveland has returned to town to arrange for Harrison will be elected President, and the Republican or Democratic party will control the next Congress. In this contest there is no place for a third party. [Applause.]

man, and introduced Gen. Stevenson to the

If you desire the enactment of the Force bill east your vote for the Berublicas cantlidates, but if you desire the peace that comes from good government, then let me say to you that your only place is among the ranks of the Democratic party. Sometimes when we have escaped evils we are apt to forget them.

Let me call to mind some of the evils through which the people of the South have passed during what is known in history as the reconstruction period. Some of you young men do not know it. but the older men in this audience know whereof I speak when I refer to that era of carpet-bag domination and Republican misrule in the Southern States. Let me call your attention first to the State of

The Republican party had complete control of Alabama from 1808 to 1874. The best sitizens of that State were disfranchised. They had no voice whatever in public affairs. They were utterly powerless to protect themselves against those who under the forms of the law "All departments of the State Government

were in the hands of those who prostituted the Legislature and courts of justice to their own selfish purposes. The reason was that the people, already impoverished, became literally the prey of those who, under Republican dommation, were sent to rule over them.

During this saturnalia of misgovernment the plunderers of the people were those who in many instances held high place among them. During the period extending from 1918 to 1874 the State debt of Alabama was, by a Republican Legislature, increased from \$8,-000,000 to more than \$25,000,000. A large part of this indebtedness was for the purpose of building railroads not a single mile of which was ever built. In addition, the muni-cipal indebtedness and county indebtedness

Was enormous.

They did the people of Alabama escape?
They escaped only through the efforts of the
Demogratic party that came into power and
terned the plunderers from their places (applause), and the result was that twelve years
after the Demogratic party came into power in
Alabama one-half of the indebtedness was paid off and the taxable property of Alabama bud increased more than \$100,000,000. Do you think the people of Alabama would like to tarn again to carpet-bag domination and Re-

you think the people of Alabama would like to turn again to carpet-bag domination and Republican misrule?

"In North Carolina under the reconstruction policy of liepublican party, carpet bag rule was in 1868 substituted for the government of the people. From the mountains to the sea the state was in the clutches of plunderers. During the first session of the Legislature, both branches of which had large Republican majorities, the bonds of North Carolina were issued to the amount of \$25,350,000, and not a single mile of railroad was built in response to \$14,000,000 of bonds that under the Republican Legislature were issued for that avowed purpose. I would like to know if the people of North Carolina can forget that the first session of the Republican Legislature in that State took \$42,000 of bonds that had been held in the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Companies for the purpose of educating the poor children of that State? I wonder if the people of North Carolina can forget that the Legislature took those honds and sold them for \$158,000, for the sole purpose of paying the expenses of that Legislature, thus robbing the poor children of the State of that which had been set apart by former Legislatures for the purpose of education.

"The State of South Carolina was openly Plundered. Official corruption reached the

dren of the State of that which had been set apart by former Legislatures for the purpose of education.

"The State of South Carolina was openly plundered. Official corruption reached the high-water mark. The State was literally prostrated, and the robbers were those who sat in the high places in the legislative halls and the palaces of justice. I will eite to you now one instance to show you the profligacy, the corruption that came in that State.

"During soventy-eight years of its history, the corruption that came in that State.

"During soventy-eight years of its history, the entire expenses of the printing of that State were only about \$250,000, and during eight years of carpet-bag rule the expense for printing alone exceeded \$1,000,000—more in eight years than it had been during the previous seventy-eight of the history of the State under Democratic rule.

"What occured in your own State of Missouri? Have the people of Missouri forgotten the sad lessons of the past? "No. no." The lieritage of debt left you by kepublican missual will be a constant reminder always to the People of the evils through which they have passed and of the pleasures and delights of reconstruction.

"I have no hesitation in saying that possibly at no period of history has our English-speaking race been subjected to grosser humiliations and grosser outrages than were the people of Missouri under the Drake Constitution when it was in operation from 1864 to 1872. "Voice: "That's so."]

"The reconstruction period was to the people of the South a dark pight of injustice, of

when it was in operation from 1804 to 1872. (Voice: That's so.")

"The reconstruction period was to the people of the South a dark night of injustice, of wrong, and of outrage. In many instances liliterate and corrupt men were the sworn ministers of the law. The administration of justice was the merost mockery.

"Not content with robbing people of their substance in many of the Sintes, every attempt was made by those in power to foment discord between the two races. It is needless to say that during the eight years of carpet-bag domination emigration avoided the Southern bistes as it would the valley of death.

"From the hour of its redemption from the curso of carpet-bag rule, which was but another name for kepublican misrule, the South has entered a career of presperity under Democratic rule.

"The rights of property and of the people

snother name for Republican misrule, the South has entered a career of prosperity under Democratic rule.

"The rights of property and of the people were alike enforced during the four years of Democratic administration of the national Government. Northern immigration and capital have found their way to the South.

The question is, shall this continue? Let not the people of the South he unmindful of the danger with which they are menaced by the passage of the Force bill.

"The ovils the Force bill would bring upon you would find their counterpart only in those through which you have already passed. As you all know, the Force bill is aimed especially at the people of the South.

"Its purpose is by intimidation to control the election of Republicans to Congress. This is to be accomplished by substituting Federal officers for the election for officers provided for by your State laws.

"In other words, the officers you have selected are to be displaced and their places taken by agents of the party in power.

"Ton need not be told that such legislation argues unmistakably a lack of confidence in the people, and when the Republicans tell you they are not in favor of the bill, remember that the bill passed the Republican House of Reprocentatives."

Mckin'ey Speaking in Vermont.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Aug. 30.—There was a great Republican raily in Burlington to-day. Gov. McKinley of Ohlo was the chief speaker. He was greeted by an audience of over 5.000 en-thusiastic Vermonters. Among the noted visitors were Gov. Page. Senator Proctor. Con-gressman Powers, and many others. A grand Democratic rally will be held in this city to-morrow night. The Hon. John E. Russell of Massachuseits will speak on tariff reform, and the Hon. F. J. Phelps, ex-Minister to England, will preside. MR. CLEVELAND'S PLANS.

To Come to Town Early in October-Got Words from North and South.

The irrepressible Mugwumps would not have been pleased if they had heard the comments made upon them yesterday in Chairman Frank Harrity's National Democratic camp. The virulent attacks on Labor Commissioner Peck and the annual report, which, in his capacity as a State official, he has made, were not, however, made topics for discussion by Mr. Harrity, Mr. Whitney, Mr. Gorman, or Mr. Brice. Mr. Harrity's blue eyes looked heavenward for relief, and Mr. Whitney pulled his goldrimmed glasses down over his nose and guzed quizzically through them. The Mugwumps

announced that Mr. Harrity's literary bureau was preparing a statement in refutation of Mr. Peck's report. Neither Mr. Harrity nor any of his associates has directed any such programme. Beyond this uncleasantness Mr. Harrity's

camp was in good order. Mr. Cleveland, it was made known, will leave Buzzard's Bay for good in the first week of October and will come to New York. He will register and vote in his Assembly district, and will remain in the city from that time on until after election day. According to the present trogramme he will not take the stump. He may be induced to speak in several of the larger cities of the State, but it is not now the plan to have him go beyond a reception of the Democratic leaders similar to that which has been arranged for President Harrison at Ophir Farm to-day.

Gen. Austin Lathrop. Superintendent of State Prisons, was one of Mr. Harrity's most welcome visitors. He is an old war horse from Corning, and is familiar with Democratic feeling in the southern tier of counties.

"When the election comes on you will find We may be a little slow in moving, but that does not indicate any unwillingness on our part. In Steuben we have always found short and sharp campaigns bring the best results. Twelve years ago we started in for Hancock early and with a rush. Thirty days before the election we had the State carried. Then the enthuaiasm gradually disappeared, and when the votes were counted we were in the minority. In my section of the State we shall this year give a good account of ourselves. It is true that a majority of the Democrate of our county wanted Senator Hill nominated at Chicago. He is our own neighbor and we have great admiration for him-great appreciation for what he has done for the party and for the State. We are naturally somewhat disappointed at the failure of the Chicago Convention to nominate him, but all the wounds are healing and there will be no straggers among us. We are Democrate, as Senator Hill is a Democrat, and to a man we are all for the national ticket."

Col. John B. Fellows told of his trip West since the adjournment of Congress. He made and sharp campaigns bring the best results

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Col. John R. Fellows told of his trip West since the adjournment of Congress. He made speeches at Lone Jack, Jackson county, Media to the Congress and Tarsney's district, with 18,000 present. Another speech at Holt, in Congressman Dockery's district, and others at Kansas City, and Lawrence City. He found that all eyes were turned on New York. Ho told the Kansas Democrats that New York county would roll up 75,000 majority for the national ticket, and he left for the Fast impressed with the opinion that Kansas was by no means safe for Harrison. Col. Fellows says that from now on his whole time is at the disposal of the Democratic National Committee.

Congressman Herman Stump of Maryland, who ratited his vigorous investigation of Ellis Island expenditures about the ears of Secretary Charles Foster and his subordinates in the Treasury Department, stopped in to say that he was on his way to Europe, but would return certainly by Oct. 1, ready to speak.

In Maryland, said the Congressman, "wo shall have a larger majority than for many years past on any national issue. We shall not lose a Democratic vote in the South. The Force lill issue, if nothing else, will settle had, If President Harison and Speaker Reed had not been so anxious to mass the Force bill in the Fifty-first Congress, they might now have some little chance in North Carolina, and possibly in West Virginia. As it is, we shall suffer ny losses anywhere in the South. North Carolina will be the scene of a spirited contest, but I have information which leads me to believe the Nate is safe for Cleveland and Stevenson by a good majority."

Gov. Frank Brown of Maryland coincided with Mr. Stump's views. Major W. W. Scrows, editor of the Montgomery Advertiser, speaking of the recent election in Alabama and of the immediate future, said:

"The recent election in Subsam and of the immediate future, said:

"The recent election

NEBRASKA DEMOCRATS.

They Newlante J. Sterling Morton for Gov

LINCOLN. Aug. 30 .- The Democratic State Convention was called to order shortly before noon. M. Gearing was named temporary Chairman. The Convention, after the usual committees had been appointed, adjourned

until 2 o'clock.
After recess W. H. Thompson of Grand Island was chosen permanent Chairman. Committee on Resolutions was appointed, and. as it withdrew, a motion was carried to proceed

with the nomination of State officers. S. M. Wolbach of Grand Island, Frank P. Ireland of Nebraska City, and J. Sterling Morton of Arbor Lodge, Otos county, were presented for Governor. The names of Wolbach and Ireland were withdrawn, and Morton

presented for Governor. The names of Wolbach and Ireland were withdrawn, and Morton was nominated by acclamation amid the wildest enthusiasm.

J. S. Morton has been a prominent figure in Nebraska politics for over a quarter of a century. He is the founder of Arbor Day, which was first made a legal holiday in Nebraska, and which is now a legal holiday in Amidellar, and which is now a legal holiday in a majority of the States. He is widely known as the "Sage of Arbor Lodgo." The other nominations are as follows:

Lieutenant-Governor, Samuel M. Wolbach of Grand Island: Secretary of State, F. M. Crow of Hastings; Auditor, F. F. O'Sullivan of West Point: Trea-ure. Andrew lieckman of Burt county; State Superintendent of Instruction, J. W. Hornburger of Madison county: Attorney-General, M. H. Gering of Cass county. Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, Jacob Wiggins of Hay county.

The platform renews the featity of the party to the principles and policy of popular government as exemptified since the days of Jefferson, endorse the Cheago platform, recommends the adoption of the constitutional amendment now pending creating an elective railroad Commission, favors law regulating freight charges; advocates the election of Senators by direct vote denounces the employment of Plakertons, and favors compulsory arthiration.

A full act of Presidential electors was chosen and at 75 the Convention adjourned.

Connecticat's Prohibition Convention.

HARTFORD, Aug. 30.-The opening session of the Stafe Prohibition Convention was held in this city this afternoon. State Committee Chairman Allan B. Lincoln was temporary Chairman.

No business except the appointment of committees was accomplished. This evening a banner was flung across Main street, and at 5 o'clock there was a mass meeting at Unit; Hall addressed by ex-Gov. St. John of Kansas

America's Penie Route Labigh Valley R. R., fleading system. New line, communiting Thursday, Sept. 1. New York to Rockles-ter, Buffallo, and Nuaras Fails. With through Sectors and chair cars. Put: particulars apply to 235 Broad-art chair cars.

NOT A FORMAL RECEPTION

BUT REPUBLICAN CHIEFTAINS WILL BE WELCOMED AT OPHIR FARM. President Harrison Due to Reach Mott Ha-

ven Early Tale Morning-Many Fathu-slastic Southerners Are Still Knocking at the Boors of Treasurer Bliss's Safe. The leader of his party, the President, is expected to arrive from Loon Lake at Mott Haven at 7.30 o'clock this morning. He will

proceed immediately to the country residence of Whitelaw Reid at Ophir Farm, four miles from White Plains.

The President will be accompanied by his secretaries, Mr. Halford and Mr. Tibbetts. He will remain with Mr. Reid just about twentyfour hours, leaving Ophir Parm on his return

trip to Loon Lake to-morrow morning at f

o'clock. The President's car is the

eller." and the itinerary of his return trip, as announced last night, is as follows: Sept 1: Leave White Plains Leave Hudson Arrive Albany 1:45 P. M Leave Albany. Arriva Schenectady..... Arrive Amsterdam 3:05 P. M Leave Amsterdam 3:15 P. M

Leave Herkimer Leave Boonville 1:10 P. M. Arrive Carthage 2:20 P. M Leave Watertown
Leave Watertown Arrive Ogdensburg...... 6:00 P. M.

The President will speak at most of the stopping places in the schedule. Probably the great event of the trip will be at Herkimer, the home of ex-Senator Warner Miller. Mr. Miller, with ex-Congressman Henry G. Burleigh, left Quebec last night in time to re-

cuive the President. After breakfasting with Mr. Reid this morning the President will be at home to the Re-publican chieftains. No formal reception has been arranged. No invitations have been sent out. Mr. Reid, in explaining this feature of the President's visit, said last night that the President had advised him of his intention to come to Ophir Farm two or three days ago. Mr. Reld had then waited to ascertain with

certainty how long the President expected to remain. On Monday he found that the President intended to stav but one day. Under these circumstances it had been thought best. if not absolutely necessary, to omit all thought of tendering a formal reception to him.

No invitations, therefore, had been extended for any particular form of entertainment. Mr. Reid thought it altogother probable that a number of gentlemen would call during the day and added that those of his or the President's friends who desired to pay their re-spects to the President could be assured of a

spects to the President could be assured of a hospituide welcome.

The President's visit subordinated all other matters at the Hon. Thomas Henry Carter's National Headquarters yesterdsy. Mr. Carter, Treasurer Bliss, Gen. Clarkson, and others had a short conference in the afternoon. Only routine affairs were discussed. These centiamen, together with the Hon. Sam Fesseden, Chairman Brockfield, Chairman Hackett, and several others, will be among the President's callers at Mr lieid's home to-day, It is possible also that as-Senator Thomas C. Platt will be among the throng. It is an occasion when all the G.O. P. chieftains of this and other States who are intown will have an opportunity to

THE PROPERTY SHE LEFT.

A Young Man Sues the Pather of His Dend Sweetheurt.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.-H. Phelps Hay has begun a suit to recover from the father of his dead sweetheart the property she left, consisting of her books, jewelry, and keepsakes valued at \$500 and real estate worth \$1,000. George C. Phelps of Englewood is the defendant. His daughter Inex, who died on June 24, was Hay's betrethed, and he asserts that they had agreed to own their property in com-

each could claim was known as "ours." When the young lady died her father refused to recognize the lover's right to her posses-sions. Phelps, practical man that he is, said that such an understanding might be all right between lovers, but he would have none of it. So he kept the property, as Inez died intes-tate, and young Hay brings suit to recover. The strange agreement to jointly own their individual possessions is thus described in the bill:

Antialso in the further consideration that thence-forward each should have and use in common as joint owhers thereof all the singular, all the real and per-sonal property then and there being owned by them. sonal property then and there being owned by them.
Hays says ho is afraid that Phelips intends
to sell the personal property of his daughter,
and asks for an injunction restraining such
action. The lover exhibits a lot of letters
substantiating his claim regarding the contract, which his attorney sentimentally
labelled. The growth of love from Jan. 26,
1830, to April 10, 1832. One of the letters is
as follows:

Turspar Mossing, Dec. 7.

ADVENTURES OF THE PEARSELLS. The Mother and the Son Both Marry Under Very Peculiar Circumstances.

The matrimonial adventures of Daniel Pearsells, the twenty-two-year-old son of the late Broker Daniel Pearsells, have caused more or less of a sensation in Queens county. Since the death of Broker Pearsells, less than six months ago, his widow has remarried under extraordinary circumstances, and his son con tracted a matrimonial engagement in a pe-

On Aug. 6 young Pearsells was sued by Mrs. Susan Johnson, a widow of Oceanville, for \$1,000 damages for alleged assault and battery. She accused him of having beaten her. and threatened to kill her unless she consented to marry him. A couple of weeks ago Pearsells and the widow, who is over 40 years old, drove to the house of George A. Mott. Mrs. Johnson's lawyer at Bellmore, and Mrs. Johnson explained that she had called for the purpose of withdrawing the suit, inasmuch as Mr. Pearsells had offered to

called for the purpose of without many her.

Mr. Pearsells acquiesced in the widow's statement and the couple drove off without enlightening Lawyor Mottas to the date for the wedding. Mr. Pearsells's engagement to the widow provoked a quarrel between him and his mother, and during one of their controversies Pearsells is alleged to have struck his mother and then had her streaked. The trial took place before the local Justice at Rockville Centre ten days ago and drew a large crowd of spectators to the court room. It resulted in the son's acquittal.

During the examination the heat in the room was so intense that many of the spectators were almost overcome, and the widow Pearsells was among those who suffered most from the heat. Her condition seemed to excite the sympathy of Thomas Grady, an old resident of the two, but without any business or social atanding. Grady opened the window near which the widow was sitting, and handed her a fan and a glass of water.

standing. Grady opened the window near which the widow was sitting, and handed her a fan and a glass of water.

Although this was the first time Mrs. Pearsells and Grady had ever met each other, a sudden and remarkably warm friendship apprang up between them, and at the close of the proceedings they left the court room arm in arm. On the same evening they were married by the Rev. Mr. Sparr, the pastor of the First Methodist Church in Rookville Centre, and on the the following day started for Washington on their wedding trip.

The couple returned a week later, but when they were driven to the Pearsells refused to admit them. He said he was quite willing to open the doors to his mother, but that he would not allow her companion to cross the threshold.

Mrs. Grady refused to accept these conditions, and with her husband wont to a hotel at Southville, where they are still stopping. On Monday Mrs. Grady, through Lawyer E. C. Schaffer of Brooklys, began a suit in the County Court of Queens county against her son for the recevery of her dower right in her husband's estate, which is estimated at from \$75,000 to \$100,000, and the papers were served upon Mr. Paarsells yesterday.

MAN AND MONKY GONE.

Paul Barge, Bookkeeper for the Frank Brewing Company, Missing.

Paul Karge, head bookkeeper of the William H. Frank Brewing Company, better known as the Feigenspan Brewing Company of Ridgewood, L. I., and a prominent leader in German society and clubs in Brooklyn, is reported as missing. So is between \$1,000 and \$1,500 of the brewing company's funds, and the supposition is that bookkeeper and money have gone off together.

Mr. Karge was employed six months ago by Mr. William H. Frank. Mr. Frank says he came well recommended, and was implicitly trusted by the company. When Mr. Frank

trusted by the company. When Mr. Frank left the brewery office on Friday night, he says, harge was still at work. He failed to put in an appearance at the office on the following day. When the safe was opened all the money brought in by two collectors the night before was missing.

The checks and dreft in the safe were not molested. When the officers of the company became convinced that Karge had absconded they sat about having him approhended.

Mr. Frank says it is impossible to say how much money is missing, and an expert accountant is now at work on the books.

Mr. Karge was now known to live extravagantly, and it is said he did not gamble. He lived in a flat in 188 flainh assone, Brooklyn, with his wife and four children. He was about 30 years old, and had been in this country since 1870. His wife appears to know nothing of his whereabouts, and has been to see Mr. Frank. Karge was President of the "Turn Bezirk" of Brooklyn, and was prominent in other German clubs.

SHOT IN THE STREET.

The Pistol Resorted to to Settle the Differ-

Thomas Mitchell of 64 Oliver street and Thomas Weish of 51 Rutgers street, both young men, were sitting on a box at Oliver and Oak streets at 0:15 o'clock last night when two young Italians passed by engaged in a heated conversation. Before they had gone far they began to fight, and one of them. drawing a pistol, shot the other. The wounded man fell and the other shot him again as he lay on the ground. Then he ran into a doorway, with Mitchell in cursuit. The Italian threatened to shoot, but Mitchell wrenched the pistol away, and, ailed by Welsh, held the Italian until a policeman came. After being identified by his victim, the prisonor was locked up in the Oak street police station. An ambulance took the wounded man to the Chambers Street Hospital. There it was found that one bullet had entered the back just under the right shoulder blade in the region of the heart. The other had passed through the arm near the elbow. The man's name is Gherado Lapino, 22 years old. The police could not learn where he lived.

The prisoner is Angelo Caponio of 51 Oliver street. He would not tell what the quarel was about. He said they both worked in a shoe shop in Boerum street. Brooklyn.

TWO CHILDREN KIDNAPPED.

Bartender Meserole Takes a Bold Step to Please His Mistress, Philip Seidel, Jr., of 19 Stevens avenue, Greenville, and his wife separated about three years ago. Mrs. Seidel disappeared from home. leaving their three children with her husband There had been frequent quarrels prior to the separation. Seidel accused his wife of undue intimacy with George Meserole, a bariender. He alleges that after his wife left him she went to live with Meserole. Seldel employed a housekeeper, and did not display much grief over the loss of his wife.

Last Thursday Meserole and Mrs. Seidel were out driving in a buggy. They drove through Stevens avenue. Two of the Seidel children were on the street playing. Meserole stopped the wagon, lifted the children into it, and drove off. The children negan to scream, and their screams attracted the attention of Seidel, who ran out in time to see the buggy disappearing around the corner. A day or two afterward Seidel went before Justice Aldridge and procured a warrant for Meserole's arrest on a charge of kidnapping the children.

Constable Archibaid arrested Meserole on Monday night and he was committed to the county init. Yesterday Meserole was admitted to bail. Mrs. Seidel still has the children. intimacy with George Meserole, a bartender.

FLOPED WITH A ONE-ARMED MAN. Eva Brown Wouldn't Give Up Her Lover

Nonwalk. Aug. 30 .- Soon after 8 o'clock this morning William Olmstead, a young carpen-ter.went to Damio's livery stable and engaged a fast horse and carriage to go to Lemsboro N. Y. He told the liveryman he was going to get married. After receiving the congratulagot married. After receiving the congratulations of the liveryman he drove to the house busy, busy withe that is your shousy and giad in the busy, busy withe that is your shousy and giad in the maxima, but is the maxima in the orchard. She entered the corrials and they drove off in great haste. It was then of colock, Mrs. Morrell's step during him the orchard. She once off in great haste. It was then of colock, Mrs. Morrell's step during him the orchard. She once off in great haste. It was then of colock, Mrs. Morrell's step during him the orchard. She once

LETTERS REVEAL ASCANDAL.

A MONTREAL PRIEST AND A WEALTHY SOCIETY WOMAN INVOLVED.

Lawyer Ethier Finds Scores of Letters Which Disclose the Guilty Relations Between His Wife and Father Guthot-The Husband Compels His Wife to Leave Ris House, and She Is in a Convent.

MONTREAL, Aug. 30.-French Canadian society is greatly shocked by a scandal in which prominent priest and the wife of a leading French Canadian lawyer are involved. The offest is Father Guihot, a member of the Order of St. Sulpice, and the woman is Mme. Ethier, the wife of Michael Ethier, a lawyer. Ten years ago Father Guihot, then a handome young priest of between 25 and 30, came here from France and was installed as a member of the Sulpician Order. He was soon appointed chaplain of the St. James Church on St. Denis street, the most aristocratic in the city. only the old and wealthy French families worshipping there. Its members include Judges. legislators, and prominent citizens. Father Guihot's able and eloquet discourses were a revelation, and is popularity reached the highest pitch.

Father Guihot conducted a special religious class for ladies, which was attended only by the wives and daughters of the very best people. He was at the head of many religious organizations and charities, and his endeavors for the adassisted by the ladies, with whom he was in nent members of his class was Mme. Ethier. was a well-known society stylish and handsome. Before marriage she was Miss David, daughter of ex-Alderman David, who at one time was a candidate for the Mayoralty here and who was very wealthy. Mme. Ethler was con-nected with the Society of St. Vincent de Paul. the Society of the Sacred Heart, the Society of the Infants of Mary, and a number of fashion-

able French religious and social societies. Taking such an active part in all church work. Mme. Ethler was thrown almost daily into the society of Father Guihot, who was a constant visitor at her residence, and was, indeed, an intimate friend of her husband. The latter had no suspicion that anything was wrong, and, although himself a freethinker, always encouraged his wife in her philanthropic work.

The denouement came a few days ago. Father Guihot late in June went on a holiday to France. Last week Mr. Ethier saw a letter addressed to his wife in Father handwriting. Unsuspectingly he read it, and was amazed at the lover-like tone assumed by the priest to his wife. His sus-

and was amazed at the lover-like tone assumed by the priest to his wife. His suspicions aroused, he went to his wife's writing desk, and there discovered a package of several score of letters written to Mme. Ethier by Father Guihot. They proved beyond a doubt the relations that had existed for the past seven years between the couple.

The discovery of his wife's unfaithfulness drove the unfortunate husband almost out of his mind. He sought his wife and bade her leave the house. She went at ence, and took refuge in a convent here.

The letters which Mr. Ethier found were of a most incriminating character. They referred openly to the relations between the woman and her priest. In all of them the fondest expressions of endearment were used.

The French Canadians are greatly excited over the discovery of the priest's misdoings, and so bitter is the feeling that there is little doubt that if he ever shows his fineshere again he will be summarily dealt with. The greatest sympathr is felt for the husband, who, until the discovery was made, was entirely unsuspicious of anything boing wrong.

The letters which the priest wrote to the woman were of the most scandalous nature, and mentioned several other leading French ladies. The correspondence was illustrated by free-hand drawings that are indescribable. Fortunately there are no children to share the woman's disgrace.

The husband told some of his friends and the story leaked out. When it became known several prominent citizens waited upon the directors of the Seminary of St. Sulpice and told them that the priest had better be prevented from returning to the city. It is believed that he has been warned not to return to Montreal, and that he is now in New York.

Previous to coming to this city he was connected with the Order of St. Sulpice in Paris. He is highly connected in France and is reputed to be wenthy. It is believed that the woman, as one of the last letters sent by him was from Havre. In this letter he told her that he could not live without her, and suggested

COLLISION AT BURLINGTON. Three Men Killed Outright, and Another

Fatally Jojured. BURLINGTON, Aug. 30.-Two trains on the Camden and Amboy branch of the United Railroad of New Jersey crashed together at Whitehill to-night, and four of the train hands

The trains were No. 342, east bound, due here at 8:20, and a Long Branch special drawn by engine 1.02th

Whitehill is a small place about nine miles east of this city. The road is a single track one, and neither engineer knew of the other's approach until they were within a few yards of each other. Both engines now lie across the tracks, badly wrecked.
So soon after the engineers caught sight of

each other did the crash come that neither had a chance to jump. The passengers on the east-bound train received a severe shaking up, but, fortunately, none of them were injured. The dead are:

Lewis, Richard F., of Mount Helly, conductor of the

Rail, William, of Camdon, engineer of the special. Shinn, ——, baggage master of the special.

Rail, whime, or camper, engines of the special.

Shime, or saying master of the special.

The baggage master of train 342 was so bridy injured that he will probably die, and is unable to give his name, and is a stranger to all of the railroad men on the scene.

The passengers and the uninjured train hands set at work immediately after the accident to take the dead from beneath the engine and wrecked baggage car.

Medical assistance was summoned from this city, and physicians went out on the wrecking rain. Their assistance was of little use, as three of the men were beyond all nid, and little can be done for the fourth except to case his sufferings. can be done for the socident is a matter sufferings. Who is to blame for the accident is a matter who is to blame for the accident is a matter

hich cannot be determined to night. Some ne evidently blundered badly, but whether the ain despatcher or one of the engineers is not

ARTHUR DID NOT GET HIS GOAT. two Negro Highwaymen Attacked Him in Flatbush and Took Away Hts Money. Arthur Eustace, 15 years old, of 208 Hanford

street, Brooklyn, went to Flatbush vesterday o buy a billy goat. He saw a boy tending cattie in a field, and he stopped and swapped seniments with the boy on the subject of goats. He told the boy it was the ambition of his Arthur's) life to have a goat, and that he was going to buy a little one in Fintbush if the boy

The fast line for Loon Lake, Paul Smith's Saranac, Childwold, and Tupper Lake, via New York Central and A and St. L. Hallway. Wagner sleeping cars.—Adv.

HAVE THE THEMANITES LOST?

Carolina Primary Election,

Democratic primary election from the interior will not be known probably for several days The Conservatives have undoubtedly made

sweeping victory, electing their State, county, and Congress ticket by a majority of more than 2,500. Brawley, the candidate for Congress in the First district, leaves the sea coast with 3,000 majority over Stokes, the Alliance candidate. Stokes's vote in the country can scarcely overcome this.

Ferguson, the Conservative candidate for Sheriff, against whom the German citizens combined with the reformers, is elected by 1,500 to 2,000 majority. Contrary to all expectations, the election was peaceable, and the rote will be the largest since 1876.

The Tillmanites claim the State, but their claims are disputed. The Conservatives have expectations of getting a sufficient strength in are buried without any attempt at ceremony the State Convention which will nominate the Governor and Presidential electors to prevent the packing of Third party electors on the Democratic ticket, of which there was some fear in the event of an over-whelming Tillman victory. The Conservative victory in this city is being celebrated tonight. It will be impossible to get the Congress vote for several days.

RIDICULOUS, SAYS GOV. FLOWER.

The Story that Mr. Cleveland Asked Him to Bend the Troops to Buffalo.

"The story is ridiculous," said the Governor, "Mr. Cleveland made no such request of me. I did what I conceived to be my duty, and I deserve so special credit for it. As Governor of the State it was my duty to stop lawlessness and violence, and to defend the property of citizens against rioters. I am glad the trouble is ended, and that the soldiers have been permitted to return to their homes. Their conduct in this emergency was exemplary and deserving of praise.

G. O. P. chieftains of this and other States who are in town will have an opportunity to grasp the hand of their leader should they so desire. Chairman Brookfield will accompany the President on his return trip.

A delegation of Virginia Republicans was the attraction yesterday at Mr. Carter's Bureau. It consisted of H. do E. Clay, President of the State League: Judge Edmund Waddill, Jr., Thomas C. Walker, Col. George F. Bowden, J. W. Southward, State Senator A. W. Harris, W. H. Graverly, A. S. Asberry, A. S. Walker, J. Ambler Brooke, E. H. Walker, W. C. Franklin, and J. W. Gast.

All were convinced that Virginia, with a "little help" this fall would tumble into the Republican column. Fart of the delegation returned to the Old Dominion last night, and part remained for the purpose of convincing Mr. Carter of the sincerity of their enthusiasm.

Mr. Carter will have more time at his dis-

Republican column. Part of the delegation returned to the Old Dominion last night, and part remained for the purpose of convincing Mr. Carter of the sincerity of their enthusiasm. Mr. Carter will have more time at his disposal after his visit to Ophir Farm to-day. Postmaster W. W. Johnson of Baitimore was on hand, full of the idea that Maryland was to follow Virginia into the Republican camp.

There were echoes of a disagreement which cocurred the day before between Secretary Charles Foster of the Treasury Denartment and J. C. L. Harris, a Republican hustler from North Carolina. Mr. Harris has been a Republican in that Democratic State from boshood, and when at Mr. Carter's headquarters he outlined the plan of battle to be made by the Republicans of the State.

If did not include the running of a Republican State ticket. This was to be left to the Poople's party, while the Republicans and the P. P. Joined hands heartly in support of the Republican national ticket. Mr. Harris was convinced that this would be a winning play, and that the State would be handed over to Harrison and Reid.

Secretary Foster objected to Mr. Harris's views. He plainly said so, and Mr. Harris's views. He plainly said so, and Mr. Harris's views. He plainly said so, and Mr. Harris' hat the Republicans of North Carolina knew their own affairs quite as well as any Obioan, and furthermore that they would not be dictated to by the Secretary of the Freasury. Chief Spelibinder Hahn returned from Ohio and sent off post haste to Maine ex-Congressman Ben Einterworth, Gen. George A. Sheridan, and Edward Fitzwilliam. They are expected to make the welkin ring with their cloquence, and for get out every Republican for the coming State election.

going to buy a little one in Flatbush if the boy could tell him where to go. The boy did so, and Arthur started off to find the geat.

Two young negroes who had passed along the road heard Arthur and the boy talking. They hid, and when Arthur came along they grabbed him from behind and threw him down, one held his band over the boy's mouth to smother his cries, and the other went through his pockets.

It must have been a very little goat indeed that Arthur was going to buy, for he had only fifty cents. The smallness of their find made the negroes angry, and they beat the boy. He walked home, having no money to ride, and told his parents, who came out to Flatbush and told the police.

From the boy's description of his assailants, Detective Doheri y decided that they were Tom Williams and James Hamilton, dwellers in Chicago row, Crow Hill, and ex-convicts. They were arrested. Arthur will go out to Flatbush to identify them to-day. P. M.-D:30, 268 West Thirty-ninth street, no damage.

A Large Cohservative Gain in the South

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 30.-Returns of the

of the State are very late, and the actual result ful if there will be sufficient to get a majority in the State Convention. In Charleston county the Conservatives won

SARANAC INN. Aug. 30. - Gov. Flower laughed when a Sun reporter called his attention today to the statement in the Herald that ex-President Cleveland had asked him, through ex-Secretary Whitney, to send the troops to

CLARA MAREZ'S BODY FOUND.

Only the Charred Trunk Recovered from the The body of Clara Marez, the girl who was burned in the Wooster street fire, was recovered yesterday. At 4 o'clock one of the Italian workmen who was digging in the southeast corner of the ruins shouted that he had found a part of the trunk, which had been preserved by the corset steels, and a piece of the The remains were placed in a box and taken to the Prince street station. Sergeant Cruiso sent word to the girl's mother at her home. 88 Sheriff street, and telegraphed to the Coroners' office. Deputy Coroner Donlin arranged to have the body placed in a neat coffin, and left word that the mother should not be permitted to see it.

Clara Marcz was employed in R. A. Wagner's paper tox factory, and she supported her widowed mother. The remains were placed in a box and taken

DR. EXUM FINED FOR SWEARING. He is the People's Party Candidate for RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 30 .- A special to the State Chronicle from Goldsboro, N. C., says: "Dr. W. P. Exum, the Third party candidate for Governor, was arrested last evening for using profane language in the Post Office in the presence of ladies. He was brought before

smith testified under oath that certain ungentlemanly remarks were made by Exum, the latter swere positively that he did not make them. A fine of \$7.40 was imposed upon him, after which he departed for Raieigh.

"A warrant for perjury is now out against him and will be served upon him when he returns."

Mayor Hollowell, and although Postmaster Smith testified under eath that certain ungen-

Three Months for Jumping from Righ Frank Gaylord of 17 Renwick street, who jumped from High Bridge on Friday last, was well enough yesterday to be arraigned in the

Harlem Court. He told Justice Welde that he couldn't say what impelled him to jump from the bridge. Justice Welde sent him to the Island for three months. New York's World's Fair Building. ALBANY, Aug. 30,-The general managers of New York's exhibit at the World's Fair have

decided to dedicate the State's building on Oct. 22. Gov. Flower will deliver an address and an unknown poet will have a congratula-tory ode for the occasion.

The storm which passed over lows and Wisconsin on Monday was contral yesterday over the Lake Superio region and was moving into Canada. It had greatly increased in power and magnitude. High winds were blowing within a radius of 500 miles of the centre and were most severe over northern Illinois, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, with rain failing over the same area. Rain fell also in the Messissippi and Arkansas valleys.

There is a second storm moving south over Montana.

The cool wave spread over all the central States. The temperature touched freezing noint at St. Vincent, and was 2- below freezing at Minnedosa. The frost line reached over Minne sota, the Dakotas, Wyoming, and Nebraska, and there may be frost this morning in

The high pressure covered the Atlantic States, where the weather, remained fair.

In this city it was partly cloudy, and at times threatening: highest official temperature, 78'; lowest, 67°; average humidity, 68 per cent.; wind from east to scutheast; average velocity 6 miles an hour.

The thermometer at Perry's pharmacy, in Tuz Scn.

Iowa, Minnesota, and Wisconsin.

building recorded the temperature yesterday as follows: 189), 1892 03° 707 50° 00° 61° M 63° 75° 9 M 05° 77° 12 Mid

washington forecast for whomeness, for Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont, showers by Wednesday night; showers in northern portions Wednesday; cooler by Wednesday night, southeast shifting to wouthwest winds.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut, showers, and cooler by Wednesday night; southeast diffing to southwest winds. For eastern New York, showers and rooter by Wednesday

WASHINGTON PORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY.

orth; shorers in northern parties Weber to conclusions increasing cloudiness and showers, slightly cooler; ands shifting to southwest. For District of Columbia and Maryland, showers by Wednesday night; slightly cooler; southwest winds. For West Virginia, fair, preceded by showers, cooler;

For western New York, showers; cooler; fresh to

For western New Vors, showers: coolet, fresh to brisk southwest winds.

Wander funds town and descript for each.—The storm central Tuesday slight over Wisconsin has moved north at Lake Huron with an increase of strength. The barometric pressure continues low in the Saskatchewan Vatley. The area of high barometer central Tuesday night on the middle case or slope of the Booky Mountains has accord aucheastwarf, and the pressure. tains has passed southeastward, and the pressure is A marked fall in temperature has occurred in the cen-tral valleys. In the Rocky Mountains and plateau regions the temperature has risen; elsewhere the tem perature changes have been sight. Bain and high winds have prevailed over the greater part of the lake regions, and showers are reported from the lake region o the South Atlantic and Gulf coasts. Increasing loudiness, cooler weather, and showers are indicated weather will be warmer and fair. The following heavy

CHOLERA STILL INCREASING.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

A PANIC IN HAMBURG AND AN EXODUS OF WELL-TO-DO PROPLE.

Over 800 New Cases in Hamburg Yesterday-Damp and Oppressive Weather at Cholera Centres-The Plague Increasing In Havre-More Cases In England, and

Much Alarm in Antwerp and Parts. Hamnung, Ang. 30.—The sultriness of the tmosphere since early last evening has caused the cholera to spread with increased rapidity and hopes of the near abatement of the disease have received a shock. To-night 810 new cases and 319 deaths are reported for the day. The number of interments yesterday was 200, almost three times the average in healthful times. Many of the burials now take place at night, as then there is not only less danger of infection, but also fewer persons abroad to be panic stricken by the appalare unaccompanied by friends or relatives.

Persons of the poorer class dying in hospitals

and without having been even seen by their friends or family.

The long-expected panic seems to have come. The exedus of families of property is continuous and increasing. The railway stations are full night and day, and there is difficulty in finding porters enough to transport the baggage. Business is dead. Most of the shops not dealing in daily necessities are closed. Those that remain open do hardly a tenth of their usual trade. The cafes are deserted. The hotels to-day received but twentynine persons, and most of them are virtually empty. The loss of trade in the last three days is estimated to be in the millions. The celebration of Sedan day, anniversary of the surrender of Napoleon III., has been forbidden. Six cases of cholera are reported this evening from the military camp at Lockstedt in Hotstein Many of the soldiers are alling. and a temporary hospital for handling victims

of the plague has been established. BERLIN, Aug. 30.-The nir is damp and of pressive. The official placards on the bil oards this afternoon announce that in the last twenty-four hours nineteen fresh cases of cholera have been discovered. The patients have been taken to the cholera hospital in Moabit. The course of the disease is watched with the most minute care by the authorities and by the official physicians, who have been engaged by the score, and placed on duty at the police stations, the railway stations, and public institutions. All persons arriving from cities suspected

of infection are carefully examined and their baggage is:fumigated. So far the progress of the plague has been too small to affect very noticeably the city's daily life. Only before the bill boards, where the official reports are posted, and on the street corners, where sanitary instructions have been placarded, is any variation of the regular routine to be observed. At these places small groups have gathered all day. A laborer in a group near a bill board near the foot of the Friedrich strasse this morning was taken suddenly ill and fell groaning with pain to the ground. At the police station, three blocks off, the physicians pronounced the laborer's case to be one f genuine Asiatic cholers, and the man was removed to the Monbit hospital.

The authorities of Weissensee, a suburb of this city, yesterday ordered a show woman named Bruhn, who was encamped with a number of other show people on some waste land in the suburbs, to take back her 10-yearold son, who had just arrived from Hamburg. The mother had been three months at Weissensee, and the boy had brought wi him a clean bill of health with his passport. The mother therefore refused to take the boy away from Weissensce, whereupon the police seized both mother and son and removed them both to the cholera lazaretto. They made frantic resistance, and the other show people hurried to help them. A riotous scene ensued. and the police had much difficulty in

quelling the disturbance. Reports from forty towns in North Germany. exclusive of Hamburg and Altona, show that in each cases of choicea have been discovered. In none of them, however, has it become epidemic, and in all the cases the victims have been isolated. The Berlin health officials proless confidence that the country has seen the

worst of the plague. BREMEN, Aug. 30.-The North German Lloyd Stenmship Company announced to-day that each of the steamers of that line will carry two doctors during the prevalence of the cholers epidemic. All their vessels will be disinfected wice daily, and all baggage will be disinfected in a special shed before it is allowed to be nut aboard the steamers. During the voyage only water that has been boiled or mixed with

muristic acid will be supplied to crews and passengers. VIENNA, Aug. 30.—A cholera hospital with 080 beds, which can be sent to any part of the

water that has been bolled or mixed with muristic acid will be supplied & crews and passengers.

Vienna, Aug. 30.—A cholera hospital with C80 beds, which can be sent to any part of the empire, has been constructed here.

London, Aug. 30.—Ida Samyan, the four-year-old child of Russian immigrants who was taken to the London Hospital on Sunday, suspected of having cholera, is dead. The portmorter examination revealed acute infammation of the bowels, but not cholera.

Another of the crew of the steamer Gerons, from Hamburg, has been attacked with cholera at Shelds. The port authorities are asking the Government to simpower them to impose a quarantine of four days on European vessels.

Two passengers from Hamburg, who had passed the doctors examination as being well, were selzed with symptoms of cholera at their homes in Islington to-day.

The cholera news from various quarters continues alarming. The hark Heiens, which left Hamburg on Ang. 20 for America, has been detained at Deven, on account of sickness on board. Last swelming the Helone was towed to Gravesend, and two of the crew, affleted with Asatto-chiera, were taken to land, and provided the support of the Conservatives, should it be measured to a land and provided the support of the Conservatives, should it be necessary, to indemnify the Government for any action it might take in defence of the public health against the cholera securge. This, declared the speaker, was not a time to be pedantic, or to stand on the letter of the lew, in face of a great public danger.

Donald Currie & Co. announce that the steamers of the Caste line will henceforth cease calling at Hamburg and Flushing en route to Africa, and that they have ceased booking passengers for Madeira and Last Palmas.

Four emigrants from Russia, on their way to America, and who intended to sail to-day, have been stricken at Livencole with the case calling at the surgers of passengers on the three steamships that will touch at that port, en route to New York, on Thursday, America, and who intended to